ĐỀ CƯƠNG ÔN TẬP HỌC KÌ I – ANH 7 – NĂM HỌC 2015-2016

A. Grammar Notes:

I. Past Simple Tense and Present Perfect Tense.

II. Verbs of liking: like , love, enjoy, hate, dislike + V-ing

III. Conjunctions: and – but – or – although – so – because

IV. Comparison:

* ( Not) as + adj + as
* The same (noun) + as
* Different from……

V. Express agreement: to, so . either, neither

VI. Countable and uncountable nouns:

* How much………………..?
* How many………………..?
* Quantifiers: + a few, a little, some, any, much, many, a lot of/ lots of

+ a box of , a bar of, a carton of, a tin of, a can of, a slice of , a piece of,

Kilo(s) of, gram(s) of,………………….

VII. Passive voice: Be + V-ed/ V3

B. Exercises:

**I. Choose the word that has the underlined part pronounced differently.**

1. A. t**ee**th B. engin**ee**r C. str**ee**t D. gr**ee**ting

2. A. communit**y** B. happ**y** C. itch**y** D. b**y**

3. A.d**au**ghter B. s**au**ce C.**au**nt D.l**au**ndry

4. A. want**ed** B. lik**ed** C. need**ed** D. decid**ed**

5. A. **ch**ildren B. tea**ch**er C. **ch**air D. s**ch**ool

6. A. proud B. pronoun C. around D. enough

7. A. revision B. festival C. postcard D. promise

8. A. teenager B. together C. guess D. regular

9. A. chicken B. coach C. orchestra D. change

10. A. much B. drug C. future D.buffalo

**II.Choose the best answer to complete the sentences by circling A, B, C or D.**

1. ................sandwiches are there in your bag?

A. How much B. How often C. How many D. How far

2.There ….............bottles of mineral water in the fridge.

A.aren’t some B.are any C.are some D.is some

3. On the table there were vegetables, bread and two large \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

A.bowl of soup B.bowls of soup C.bowl of soups D.bowls of soups

4. She’s got ……….nice photo of her class.

A. an B.a C. some D.any

5.................. pepper does she want?

A. How much B. How often C. How many D. How long

6. My dad enjoys \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ his bike to work.

A. to ride B. ride C. rides D. riding

7. Laughing is good \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ your health.

A. for B. to C. with D. of

8. My friend likes photography, and I like it ………….

A. so B. neither C. either D. too

9. How about…………..a water puppet show?

A. to watch B. watched C. watch D. watching

10. Would you like.................................with us, Mai?

A .have lunch B. having lunch C. to have lunch D. to have a lunch

**III: Supply the correct form of the verbs in brakets to complete sentences.**

1. She often (go) ............................................. to the market with her mother every weekend.

2. We (visit) ........................................ Hue next month.

3. My younger sister (collect) .................................... dolls two years ago.

4. .......................... you ever (do) ............................ volunteer work ?

5. She ( come ) ………………. to France 2 years ago .

6. I ( just send ) ………………. the letter.

7. He ( work )………………. for that company for 5 years

8.I ( graduate )………………. from Hue University last year.

9. We (not go) ............................to the cinema last week.

10. Mrs. Loan (teach)...........................us Math two years ago.

**IV.Read Hoang's paragraph about eating habits in his city and answer the questions below.**

My name’s Hoang. Today I’ll tell you some about my city. People in my city love good food and they often eat three meals a day- breakfast, lunch and dinner. At about 7.00 in the morning, they usually have a light breakfast with a bowl of Pho or some sticky rice before going to work. Lunch often starts at about 11.30, and most of them have lunch at home. Dinner often starts at about 8.00 in the evening. It is the main meal of the day. People often have rice with lots of fresh vegetables and some kinds of seafood or various kinds of meat. I think food in my city is wonderful. It is light and full of fresh vegetables. It’s healthy and very tasty, too.

1. How many meals do people in Hoang’s city have a day?

………………………………………………………………………………………………

2. Do they usually eat Pho at breakfast?

………………………………………………………………………………………………

3. Where do many have lunch?

………………………………………………………………………………………………

4. What do people in Hoang’s city have for dinner?

………………………………………………………………………………………………

5. Does the writer think food in the city healthy and tasty?

………………………………………………………………………………………………

**V. Complete the passage with the words given**

|  |
| --- |
| *bought competition singing there on English* |

Mary’s hobby is singing. She enjoys (1) ………………………… very much. When her brother (2) ………………………… a karaoke set last month, Mary was so glad that she sang every day after dinner. She likes to sing only (3) ………………………… songs. In fact, she has already sung all the songs found (4) ………………………… the karaoke discs. Minh is singing in the karaoke (5) ………………………… organized by the RC Center this Saturday. Her family is going (6) ………………………… to support her.

**VI. Read the passage and write True or False in the gaps.**

MEALS IN BRITAIN

A traditional English breakfast is a very meal : sausages, bacon, eggs, tomatoes, mushroom …………….. . But nowadays many people just have cereal with milk and sugar, or toast with marmalade, jam, or honey. Marmalade and jam are not the same ! Marmalade is made from oranges and jam is made from other fruit. The traiditional breakfast drink is tea, which people have with cold milk. Some people have coffee, often instant coffee, which is made with just hot water. Many visitors to Britain find this coffee disgusting !

For many people lunch is a quick meal. In cities there are a lot of sandwich bars where office workers can choose the kind of bread they want – brown, white , or a roll – and then all sorts of salad and meat or fish to go in the sandwich. Pubs often serve good, cheap food, both hot and cold. School children can have a hot meal at and perhaps some crips.

“Tea” means two things. It a drink and meal ! Some people have afternoon tea, with sandwich, cakes, and, of course, a cup tea. Cream teas are popular. You have scones (a kind of cake) with cream and jam.

The evening meal is the main meal of the day for many people. They usually have it quite early, between 6.00 and 8.00, and often the whole family eats together.

On Sundays many families have a traditional lunch. They have roast meat, either beef, lamb, chicken, or pork, with potatoes, vegetables and gravy. Gravy is a sauce made from the meat juices.

The British like food from other countries, too, especial Italian, French, Chinese and Indian. People often get take – away meals – you buy the food at the restaurant and then bring it home to eat. Eating in Britain is quite international !

……………1. Many British people have a big breakfast.

……………2. People often have cereal or toast for breakfast.

……………3. Marmalade is different from jam.

…………....4. People drink tea with hot milk.

……………5. Many foreign visitors love instant coffee.

……………6. All British people have a hot lunch.

……………7. Pubs are good places to go for lunch.

……………8. British people eat dinner late in the evening.

……………9. Sunday lunch is a special meal.

……………10. When you get a take – away meal, you eat it at home.

**VII. Rewrite each of the following sentences so that it means the same . (2 pts)**

1. We started to live here in 2012.

🡪 We have............................................................................................................................

2. People grow coffee in Brazil.

🡪 Coffee .....................................................................................................................

3. Her book is not the same as mine.

🡪 Her book is...........................................................................................................

4. The tickets to the show are more expensive than we thought.

🡪 The tickets to the show are not........................................................................................

5. Hanoi is older than HoChiMinh City.

*🡪* HoChiMinh City is not…………………………………………..……………….

6. I had a grammar mistake in the English test. She had a grammar mistake,too.( the same)

*🡪* She had……………………………………………………………………….

7. Hoa’s picture describes the river and Nam’s picture describes the sea.

*🡪* Nam’s picture …………………………………………………………………………..

8. He uses milk for making butter and cheese.

*🡪* Milk................................................................................................................................

9. Because it was very noisy, he couldn’t continue to study his lessons.( so)

🡪 .

10. My younger sister likes eating pizzas.

🡪 My sister enjoys……………………………………………………………………

**VIII. Fill Too, So, Either, Neither in the gaps:**  
1. I am a student, and Mary is, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ .  
2. I am twenty, and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ is Peter.  
3. My sister can swim and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ can I.   
4. We can sing, and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ can they.  
5. Peter likes tea, and I do, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ .   
6. We play tennis, and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ do they.  
7. - I can cook. - I can, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ .  
8. - I drink coffee. - \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ do I.